KRUGER ON FRENCH SOIL

Marseilles Welcomes the ex-President With Great Enthusiasm.

City Officials and the Heads of Mu. nicipal Committees Extend the Formal Greeting-Com Paul Expresses Gratitude for Their Sympathy and Hospitality-He De. clares That the Boer War Is Worse Than Fighting With Savages-The Bargher Republies Determined to Resist to the End-Will Lose Independence Only by Extermination.

MARSEILLES, Nov. 22.- The day opens tlear and cold. The Dutch cruiser Gelderand, on which ex-President Kruger was passenger, entered the harbor at 8:20 p'clock, whereupon there was a great rush lown all the streets leading to the Quai de

Dr. Catalan, the Health Officer, at once boarded the vessel and granted free pra-

A swarm of boats of all descriptions immediately surrounded the warship. Mr. Van Hamer, who acts as interpreter for the ex-President, came ashore and announced that Mr. Kruger would not land until noon, as the officers and crew of the vessel de sired to give him a ceremonisus farewell. The Boer peace envoys, Messrs. Fischer, Wessels, and Wolmarans, boarded the war ship shortly after her arrival and had a conference with Mr. Kruger.

Dr. Leyds, representative to Europe of the two Boer Republics; Messrs. Fischer Wesels, and the other Boer delegates and numerous citizens of the South African Republic, residents in France, were the first to greet Oom Paul as he stepped ashore at

The city officials also greeted him and bade him a hearty welcome to Marseilles. Geat enthusiasm was shown by the crowds gathered at the pier when the aged man walked down the gangway from the warship. The stern old fighter was much touched by the cordiality of his reception. The Presidents of the Paris and Marselles committees formally welcomed him

to France. In response, Mr. Kruger thanked the committee for the warmth of the reception accorded him and expressed gratitude for the sympathy he had received from the French Government. Referring to the war he said:

"I have fought with savages, but the present war is even worse. We will never surrender. We are determined to fight to the last extremity, and if the Republics of the Transvaal and Orange Free State lose their independence it will be becaus they have lost every man, woman, and

Mr. Kruger spoke in Dutch and in a low voice, but he accompanied his words with energetic movements of his hat which he held in his right hand.

There was a tremendous crowd on the quay when President Kruger landed. He was enthusiastically cheered by the people, and there were cries of "Vive Kruger, vive les Boers."

The ex-President of the Transvaal walked to a carriage which was in wait ing and, before seating himself, cera moniously saluted the crowd.

A procession was formed around the carriages occupied by Mr. Kruger and the Boer delegates, and they were escorted to the hotel amid continuous cheering. As the procession passed the Hotel du Louvre some English guests threw cop

pers from the window. The crowd turned ard the hotel and the English with drew. This was the only incident during !

When President Kruger reached the Ho tel Noailles he took the elevator to the second floor, where he has apartments. In response to cheers by the crowd he appeared on the balcony and made a speech, He said he was glad to land on the soil of France-a country of liberty.

He felt that he was among a free people who received him as a free man. He thanked the French Government for the many marks of sympathy that had been shown him. He declared that ever since Dr. Jameson's raid he had always desired to arbitrate the differences with Great Britain and was convinced that the enemies of the Boers would be obliged to recognize the justice of the cause of the South African Republics. But the English had always re fused to arbitrate the differences and they were now waging a war of barbarians.

He was not ignorant of the usages of savage warfare, he said, but he had never known a people more barbarous than the English, who had pillaged and plundered and burned farms and drove women and children from their homes and left them without bread to eat or a roof over their heads. He repeated the statement that the Boer Republics would never surrender

eir independence. During Mr. Kruger's speech an Engcover, whereupon the people kicked his

GENERAL ROBERTS' FALL.

British Commander-in-Chief Report That He Is Recovering.

LONDON, Nov. 22.-General Roberts ca bles from Johannesburg as follows: "My horse fell with me Sunday and bruised me FOOTPALL PLAYER DYING.

Sustained Concussion of the Brain Wi lie Engaged in a Game. CUMBERLAND, Md., Nov. 22 .- As the

result of a collision in a game, J. Sloan

Kuvkendall, captain of the football team of the Potomac Academy, Romney, W. Va. is dying a concussion of the brain.
Smith, of the Shenandoah Valley Academy, while running toward the goal with the ball, accidentally struck Kuykendall a most violent blow in the face with his knee. Kuykendall was felled with such

force that his head indented the hard \$1.25 to Baltimore and Return via B. & O. Saturday and Sunday,

November 24 and 25, good for ceturn un lowing Monday. Tickets good on all tra-cept Royal Limited. Change of Schedule on B. & O. R. R.

Sunday, November 25. For schedule of traicall at B. & O. offices or see daily papers

Frank Libbey & Co. always give Lowest lumber prices. Flooring \$1.25 per 100 ft., at 6th and N. V. Av.

NO DECISION REACHED.

nternal Revenue Commissioner Be fore Ways and Means Committee.

The Republican members of the Com nittee on Ways and Means, who have under consideration the proposed revision of the War Revenue law of 1898 with a riew to making a reduction in war taxaion, met again at the Capitol today. The time of the morning session, which

asted from about 10:45 until 1:20, was aken up in an examination of George W. Wilson, Commissioner of Internal Reve-

When a recess was taken for luncheo Mr. Payne, Chairman of the Committee, nnounced that no determination as to what taxes would be reduced, had been

SIR ARTHUR SULLIVAN DEAD

English Composer Passes Away at His London Home.

Creator of the Music in "Pinafore," "The Mikado," and Many Other Famous Light Operas.

LONDON, Nov. 22 .- Sir Arthur Sullivar amous the world over as a musical composer, died suddenly at his home in the uburbs of London this morning. He had been in poor health for several months, but his illness did not ake a serious turn until about two weeks ago, when he broke down while collabo ating with Basil Hood on an Irish Opera. ie went to the south of Europe to recu-erate, but the trip proved of no benefit o him and he returned to his home.



Sir Arthur Sullivan

The composer's death was directly due to heart failure which had been threatenng since his return from France. The composer was apparently feeling airly well when he retired last night. His lephew found him dead in bed this morning. The Savoy Theatre, where all the famous Gilbert and Sullivan operas have been received will be alread to the same the same than the oduced will be closed tonight as a mark

It is a coincidence that D'Oyly Carte, the appresario, who produced all the Gilbert de Sullivan operas at the Savoy, is ill. The news of Str Arthur Sullivan's de-dise was a shock to his friends and to he English public. His compositions and his bright operas had made him the mu-sical favorite of Great Britain and his ss will be keenly felt.

Arthur Seymour Sullivan was, without Arthur Seymour Sulrivan was, without loubt, the best known of all musicians of its country and his time. His songs were verywhere sung. He himself, on his first isit to the Pacific Coast of the United states, heard a band in a San Francisco wark playing his song "The Lost Chord." His hymn "Onward, Christian Soldiers," is sized by most churches where the English sed by most churches where the English ongue prevails. His orchestral works are espected by musicians. Of his operas, Pinafore" and "The Mikado" can fairly be called the famous examples; one was sung only five days ago in New York, while the ther is to be heard in the week to come. n England, a London theatre is perma ently devoted to the Sullivan repertory. Born in London on May 13, 1842, Sulli-

an was brought up in a half-musical half-military atmosphere. His grand-father was a squire of Kerry who served as a soldier in the Peninsular war, and who, after Waterloo, was in a detach-ment ordered to St. Helena as Napoleon's guard. Sullivan's father was a bandmas er at the Royal Military College, Sandnurst, and later at Kneller Hall. His nother, Mary, daughter of James Coghler, vas descended from an old Italian family of the name of Righi.

It was as a choir boy in the Chapel Royal at St. James that the boy received his first systematic training. He won his place there by singing the aria "With Verdure Clad," accompanying himself on the piano. The Rev. T. Helmore was master of the children and he apparently encouraged ung Sullivan's interest in con first anthem sung in the chapel, earned him half a crown and a bishop's notice. The winning of a gold medal offered by a aughter of the Queen was another of the arly steps in the young man's advance

Sullivan for two years studied harmon and counterpoint with Goss and plano with Sterndale, Bennett, and O'Leary. He attended the Royal Academy of Music, was the Mendelssohn scholar and was finally sent to the Conservatorium at Leipzig. There an overture of his "The Light of the Harem," was performed

ship ten years ago, it was estimated that £270,000 had been divided among the three men, or something like \$450,000 apiece. In addition, Sullivan derived a large revenue as the most popular of En-glish song writers. He edited "Church Hymns" and composed several of the tunes therein found. Both Oxford and ambridge honored him with the degree f musical doctor and he was made a

paronet in 1883. baronet in 1883.

His musical works are as follows:
"Shakespeare's Tempest," 1861; "Kenilworth," 1864; Symphony in E, 1865; overture, "In Memoriam," 1866; overture, "In Memoriam," 1866; overture, "Marmion," 1867; oratorio, "The Prodigal
Son," 1868; overture, "Di Ballo," 1869; "On
Shore and Sea," 1871; "Te Deum" to commemoriate the recovery of the Prince of memorate the recovery of the Prince of Wales, 1872; oratorio, "The Light of the World," 1873: "The Martyr of Antioch." Wales, 1812; oratorio, "Ine Light of the World," 1873; "The Martyr of Antioch, 1880; "The Goiden Legend," 1886; "Coand Box," 1886; "Coutrolandista," 1866; "Thespis," 1872; "Trial by Jury," 1873; "The Sorcerer," 1877; "H. M. S. Pinafore, "The Pirates of Penzance," 2." 1881; "Iolanthe," 1882; 1884; "The Mikado," 1885

Hall."

ore," 1887; "The Yeoman of the Guard." 888; "The Gondol'ers," 1889; "Haddon Iall," 1892; "Utopic," 1893; "The Chief-ain," 1894; "The Grand Duke," 1896; "The Weather strip 1 cent per foot and give it to you made of hardwood, with felt or rubber cdges. 6th and N. Y. Av.

BAD OUTLOOK IN CHINA

Little Hope That Pending Negotiations Will Succeed.

The Administration Loses Confidence of a Peaceful Settlement-Fears That Minister Conger Is Impressed With a Sense of Personal Wrong and Sides With the Foreigners. Secretary of State.

The fears of the Government over the ondition of the negotiations between the oreign ministers at Pekin, have now developed into a feeling of concern and alarm. The Chinese situation, it is aserted, is in a worse condition than ever has increased, and the belief is now exthe negotiations are deliberately endeav-

ment is utterly unable to fulfill.

In the matter of punishment of officials concerned in the anti-foreign attacks, the ministers of the Powers, or a majority of them, are insisting on the decapitation of powerful dignitaries who, by banding ogether, could throw the entire Empire together, could throw the entire Empire into a state of war, kill the Emperor and Empress Dowager and destroy every vestige of the present recognized authority. The ministers are insisting on the severe punishment of General Tung-fuh-siang, who, with his army of at least 10,000 Imperial soldiers, controls the movements of the Chinese sovereigns and their adherents at the temporary court. This Government believes that Tung-fuh-siang deserves death, but it is unable to see how he can be reached without precipitating another period of hostilities that would result in great loss of life among the foreign troops and the Chinese people. the foreign troops and the Chinese people.
While these fears have been prevalent for some time, they have now taken a radical aspect and the outcome at Pekin is awaited anxiously. Minister Conger ap-pears to be as desirous as his European colleagues of adopting a comprehensive punishment programme, so that this Government feels that in its desire for a speedy settlement it has not even the sympathy of its own diplomatic representative, although Mr. Conger is, of course, corresponding the content of the conger is the conger in the conger in the conger in the conger is the conger in the arrying out his instructions to the best

The Government feels that there is nothing more that it can do in the present state of affairs. It has been obliged to entrust much of the work of negotiation to Mr. Conger's discretion, realizing that he is necessarily influenced by the sufferings experienced by his family and himself during the siege of the legations and by the strong feeling of resentment against the Imperial author'ties among the foreigners resident in China. The Government can hope only for the best, but its former confidence that everything would come out all right has practically disappeared. It makes no secret of its belief that the negotiations are in a precarious condition.

This was diplomatic reception day at the State Department and a number of foreign diplomats whose Governments are interest. The Government feels that there is nothplomats whose Govern nents are interest ed in the Chinese matter, discussed the situation with Secretary Hay.

THE GRANGE ADJOURNS.

'clock this morning.

The meeting was opened at 9 o'clock. ing Jabel Robinson, of Canada, for his presence, the management of the hotel, and the local press, was presented by T. W. Worthen, of California, and adopted.

A resolution, urging the protection of ong birds, was adopted, and reports from he committees on education and co-operaon were presented and agreed to. Arnold Naudain, of Delaware, offered a solution recommending the creation of a Department of Commerce. This provoked Rochester Mystified by a Case of u was referred to the legislative com-

ittee to be reported at the next annual ession. the grange at the session just closed Food bill, and the Filled Cheese bill.

The members of the legislative committee who will meet the President are Worthy Master Aaron Jones, E. B. Normoment ab

ris, and N. J. Bachelder. closed by the members singing "God be with us till we mee

SIR ARTHUR SULLIVAN'S DEATH sic-Lovers of Washington.

Musicians and the music-loving public of he National Capital today expressed great regret when the news of Sir Arthur Sullian's death was received.

Charles B. Bayly, manager of John F. Ellis & Co., accords a warm tribute to the "Sir Arthur Sullivan," said Mr. Bayly collaborating with Gilbert, was responsible for a new era in light opera. Their productions were infinitely clean, and in this respect were far different from what had preceded them. In 'Pinafore' we find, in criticisms of the English Navy, a purnose to work for a needed reform, much morning they notified police headquarters. Detective Maguire started with a term of the morning they notified police headquarters. 'Sir Arthur Sullivan," said Mr. Bayly

whose scores he wrote are numerous and the best known are the following: 'Pinates of Penzance,' 'Ruddygore,' 'Patience,' 'Princess Ida,' 'Iolanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Gondollers,' and 'Yeomen of the Chard,' 'His best known experience,' 'Ruddygore,' 'Patience,' 'Princess Ida,' 'Iolanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Gondollers,' and 'Yeomen of the Chard,' 'His best known experience,' 'Princess Ida,' 'Iolanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Gondollers,' and 'Yeomen of the Chard,' 'His best known experience,' 'Princess Ida,' 'Iolanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'His best known experience,' 'Princess Ida,' 'Iolanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'His best known experience,' 'Princess Ida,' 'Iolanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Hollanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'His best known experience,' 'Princess Ida,' 'Iolanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Hollanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Hollanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Hollanthe,' 'Mikado,' 'Hollanthe,' 'Hollanthe Chord, which is most exquisite in its pa-thes. The 'Golden Legend,' and 'The Tem-pest' are splendid examples of canticles. This does not by any means exhaust the field of his labors, which covered almost very character of composition

iso known as a composer of anthems. Kerens Rumor Reaches St. Louis. ST. LOUIS, Nov. 22.—It is rumored in poceed Hitchcock.

Naval Cadets vs. West Point Cadets. Football gape. Only \$4 round trip, Washington to Philadeheia, via B. & O. R. R. Tickets good ground on all rains of November 30, except Royal Limited and all morning trains of December 1, to 10 o'clock, inclusive. Returning on all trains, except Royal Limited, until December 3, inclusive. Elegant coaches, parlor and dining cars.

New Bright Flooring only \$1.50 per 100 square ft. Always lumber bargains by F. Lib-

MR. CHAMBERLAIN IN ROME.

england's Colonial Secretary Con fers With Vatican Authorities. LONDON, Nov. 22 .- A despatch to the seph Chamberlain, British Colonial Secretary, has had a conference with Monsigno Stanley, the head of the Vatican Inter national Press Bureau, in regard to Catholic missions in the East and affairs in South Africa.

After the conference Monsignor Stanley called on Cardinal Rampella, the Papal

DAMAGE IN PENNSYLVANIA.

Houses Inroofed and Wires Blown Down by the Storm. CORRY, Pa., Nov. 22 .- A cyclone swept over this section of Pennsylvania yesterday, doing great damage to property. So far before. The danger of more hostilities as known tonight no lives were lost. In this city houses were unroofed and signs, ressed that some of those concerned in energotiations are deliberately endeaving to bring about the partition of from its foundation by the wind and carried some distance. A new res dence just completed and owned by John Sample, settlement which the Chinese Government is utterly unable to fulfill. In the matter of punishment of officials fierce wind.

Every wire entering the city is gown and all railroads are blocked for the time. At Union City a huge lumber pile fell, carrying with it four telegraph poles, dragging down the wires.

A TORPEDO BOAT LAUNCHED

The Blakely Leaves the Ways at Boston.

The Vessel Christened by Miss Nel. lie White-Many Dignitaries Present.

BOSTON, Mass., Nov. 22.-The torpedo boat Blakely was faunched at 10 o'clock this morning from the yard of George Lawley's Sons, South Boston. The yard was gay with bunting and uniforms. There were in attendance members of the Naval Construction Bureau. State and municipal dignitaries, and a few others prominent in public life and interested in naval construction.

The Blakely was christened by Miss Nellie White, the only living descendent of Captain Blakely. Miss White is a niece of Secretary Long, and her home at present is in Honolulu, Hawaii. She was born in Winchendon, Mass, and has been living at the Hawaiian Islands for five

cost of construction was \$159,800. The boat is 175 feet long on the load water line, 17 feet 6 inches at the extreme breadth, has a mean draught of 4 feet 8 inches, and 170 tons displacement.

The motive power is supplied by twin screw vertical quadruple expansion engines and three Thorneycroft boilers, de-Session of the Order.

The thirty-fourth annual session of the Cational Grange adjourned sine die at 11 clock this morning. veloping 3,000 indicated horse power for

two forward, port, and starboard, and one aft on the centre line. Three 3-pounder rapid fire guns are also carried for defen-A resolution tendering the thanks of the Grange to the Agricultural Department for courtesies extended and thanking Jabel Robinson, of Canada, for his presence, the management of the hotel. extending from the stem to the forward coming lower, just aft of which in a breakwater are located two 3-pounder rapid fire guns. The other 3-pounder is just abaft the after conning tower.

GIRL STRANGLED TO DEATH.

Murder and Assault. has never had a deeper mystery to solve Mr. Hoyt, with Mrs. McKee, arrived here agreement between Messrs. Fairbanks and then that disclosed by the finding of the from Baltimore vesterday afternoon. A letter from President McKinley was than that disclosed by the finding of the from Baltimore yesterday afternoon. Davis Street, yesterday morning. The authe passage of the Grout bill, the Pure topsy, which washeld at the morgue by several physicians, showed that the girl had been assaulted and (hoked to death. There is up to the present oment absolutely no clue to her slayer although the whole detective force of the

ity is working on the case.

Neither is it known whether the crim was committed by one or more men. The murdered girl was twenty-eight years of age, and was employed in Erown-eil's factory on State Street. This factory turns out a part of the material used in kodaks. The girl was at work Tuesday. She was industrious, and wh le she was unusually attractive and popular, never remained out late nights. Tuesday night Tessie, as she was known, left her home, 171 University Avenue, after supper, to go to 127 Day Street to look for a servant who had advertised for employ-

Bayly sponsi-trace Their sponsi-Their sponsi-Their sponsi-trace Their sponsi-trac

The Light of the Harem," was performed to no of the annual concerts by students of the institution. In England he served for some time as organist of St. Michael's n Chester Square.

"Of all the composers whose works are sold, none have been so much in demand as the scores to which Sir Arthur Sullivan's name is attached. The world experiences an immeasureable loss in his death.

"He was one of the most prolific composers of the long list of "Gilbert and Sullivan Operas." At the time of the partner—thip ten years ago, it was estimated that £270,000 had been divided among the hree men, or something like \$450,000 a-like the partner—thip ten years ago, it was estimated that £270,000 had been divided among the hree men, or something like \$450,000 a-like the partner all fields of musical productions, which cover almost glish song writers. He edited "Church" the same manner as Dickens indicted bad government.

"Of all the composers whose works are sold, none have been so much in demand as the sold government.

"Of all the composers whose works are sold, none have been so much in demand as the sold, none have been so much in demand as the scores to which Sir Arthur Sullivan's name is attached. The world experiences and in the score far world experiences at the sold production with W. S. Gillivan in his collaboration with W. S. Gillivan

saw the body of a woman. The body of ondoliers, and 'Yeomen of the His best known song is 'The Lost which is most exquisite in its parhe. 'Golden Legend' and 'The Tom. Before leaving his victim the murderer robbed her. She had with her a pocket-book containing about \$30 and this is missing. Tals, together with the fact that the pocket of the skirt was inside out, indicate that robbery was com-mitted. The body was rigid when found, showing that death had occurred several st. Louis, Nov. 22.—It is rumored in po-itical circles here that Col. R. C. Kerens s slated for Secretary of the Interior to not many houses near there, and very little chance of being detected in the deed.
The University of Rochester buildings stand only a short distance away, and while the spot is thoroughly respectable, it is not a choice one for a lonely and unprotected girl. The neighbors say they heard no outers.

> Flyan's Business College, 8th and K. Business, Shorthand, Typewriting-\$25 a year. One cent lineal for finest Weather

Central News" from Rome says that Jo- To Be Chief of the Bureau of Engraving and Printing.

> The Matter Settled This Afternoon Politicians, War Veterans, and Organized Labor Rallied to His Sup. port-Appointee a Veteran of the Civil War and a Practical Printer. charge of Colonel Pedson.

Capt. W. M. Meredith, of Chicago, has been appointed Chief of the Treasury Bureau of Engraving and Printing, a place he formerly held under the Harrison Administration. Captain Meredith is a Civil War veteran and a practical printer. A delegation of Typographical Union officers recently called on the President to rec-

mmend his appointment. All indications at the White House this morning pointed to this result, although ex-Senator Quay called early for the purpose of urging the claims of ex-Representative Brumm.

Representative Hopkins called immediately after Mr. Quay, and had a con ference with the President on the subject of the appointment. Captain Meredith's undoubted fitness for the position was urged, and the fact of his being a member of organized labor would make him acceptable to all the labor interests rep-

resented in the bureau.

Gen. R. G. Dyrenforth, Commander-in-Chief of the Union Veterans' Union, presented the case of the veterans, of whom Captain Meredith is a member, and urged that the position be given to one of the men who had stood for the Republic in the time of need.

men who had stood for the Republic in its time of need.

Col. Charles Linkins, of this city, who did a great deal of speaking for the Republican ticket in the Middle West, added his endorsement of Captain Meredith to the many that had gone before. Colonel Linkins spent some time with the President, promoting the Meredith boom.

A delegation headed by Henry W. Szegedy, President of the National Plate Printers' Union of the United States and

Printers' Union of the United States, and onsisting of Thomas T. Roche, William evern, Theodore A. Rooney, and William Yates, of the local union No. 2, also presented a petition to the President. It covered the wishes of organized labor on the matter, praying that the position be given to the candidate most closely identified with the labor interests. The petition takes up the question of the economy of the hand and steam power presses and urges that the new director be a man who is sufficiently acquainted with the craft to understand the point made by the plate printers against steam presses. The dele-gation stated to Secretary Cortelyou that living at the Hawahan islands for live years.

The Blakely is named for a distinguished ing in the interest of any individual but officer of the United States Navy, and is one of the twelve torpedo boats authorized by act of Congress May 4, 1898. The ized by act of Congress May 4, 1898. The

C. H. HOYT'S FUNERAL.

Arrangements for the Obsequies of

the Famous Playwright. CHARLESTOWN, N. H., Nov. 22.-Many heatrical people, as well as personal and political friends, are expected here omorrow to attend the funeral services over the late Charles H. Hoyt, the playwright. The last rites will take place in St. Luke's Church at 1:45 o'clock. The ritualistic services of the Protestant Episopal Church will be used. The local rector, Rev. B. N. Lassiter, will be assisted Rev. Howard F. Hill, of Concord, a ember of the New Hampshire Legislature with Mr. Hoyt in 1893 and 1895. The oody will be laid away in the great Hoyt n, where are buried the playwright's father, his two wives, and his wo infant children.

Official tribute will be paid by the presence of the members of the Judiciary Committee of the New Hampshire House of Representatives of 1898, or which com-mittee Mr. Hoyt was a member. Frank to help it along. The understanding is that the terms of The understanding is that the terms of of Representatives of 1898, of which com-ROCHESTER, N. Y., Nov. 22. - This city McKee, so long the theatrical partner of

nearest of kin are three cousins—Hale Barstow, of Lebanon, this State; Mrs. Louise Burnham, of Norwich, Vt., and Miss Kate Hale, of Boston. None of them not been a citizen of Indiana, in the strict he may have given legacies to the mother and sister of Caroline Miskel Hoyt.

NEW YORK, Nov. 22.—Indications point
to a contest over the will of Playwright

own, N. H. The terms of the document will not b. made public until after the funeral. The this beneficiaries will then be consulted and by the paper will be filed for probate. The dri will is in the possession of his lawver Howe & Hummel, who drew it before the beginning of the trouble that darkened the close of the playwright's career. It provisions cannot be definitely ascertain ed, but Mr. Hoyt informed his friends and business associates before his illness tha he intended to make generous provisions

Hoyt, who died on Tuesday in Charles.

for their benefit.

Mr. Hoyt had no immediate relatives Though twice married he has no children living. Often Mr. Hoyt said he wished to help those who had assisted him and had been associated with him, rather than distant relatives.

It is probable that Frank McKee, with whom he was long in national beautiful and the said of the said o

road producing good royalties. His property in Charlestown is said to be one of the finest in New Hampshire.

It is assumed that the ground of contest will be insanity and undue influence. Mr Hummel says that abundant proof can be brought forward that Mr. Hoyt was men-

ally competent when the will was ex Sale of Alvord's Property. MOUNT VERNON, N. Y., Nov. 22 .- She iff Molloy will sell on Saturday next at 11 a.m., the horses and carriages of Cornelius Alvord, fr., the defaulting note tell of the First National Bank, in pursuance of an at-tachment for \$700,000 held by the bank

against Alvord's property. Naval Academy-West Point Football

Via Pennsylvania Railroad \$4 round trip, tickets good going Nove 0 and to 10:10 a. m. train December 1, 30 and to 10:10 a m. and to return until December 3, inclusive. Spetrain of vestibuled coaches, parlor cars, dining car will leave Washington 10:10 a. Saturday, December 1, direct to Pranklin Fireturning at conclusion of the game.

lear Flooring without a knot. strip. Put it on yourself. Call at 6th & N. Y. Av

LIBERATED BY THE FILIPINOS.

Cable Announcement That Lieuten ant Alstaetter Has Been Released. GALION, Ohio, Nov. 22 .- A cablegran is been received here by the family of Lieut. F. W. Alstaetter, of the United States Engineering Corps, announcing that he has been liberated by the insurgents and

that he will start for home soon.

Lieutenant Alstaetter was captured about three months ago while building a railway near Manila, he acting as the superintendent of the survey. He has been confined at

A VICTORY FOR TILLMAN.

Port Royal Naval Station to Be Removed to Charleston.

The Navy Department officials today or dered that the naval station at Port Royal, S. C., be removed to Charleston The cause for this is that Port Royal is practically inaccessible and is so un-healthy that naval officers refuse to live re. The removal is regarded as a vic-y for Senator Tillman of South Caroli-who has been fighting for it for several years.

FAIRBANKS IN THE RACE

May Be the Republican Candidate for President in 1904.

Hanna Believed to Be Favorably Inclined to the Indianan's Aspirations.

At a dinner last night, which was atended by a dozen or more Republican aders of the Senate and House the anement was formally made for the first time that Senator Fairbanks of Indiana is a candidate for President in 1904 It was agreed that the announcement will attract little attention in the country because the people are believed to be thoroughly tired of politics at present, but the subject was, nevertheless, seriously discussed by the dinner party, which gathered around the table at 8 o'clock and did

not rise until nearly midnight. The one important person absent was Mr. Hanna. The relations between Mr. Hanna and Mr. Fairbanks are known to be very pleasant, though no one is au-thorized to say how the big Republican boss views the Fairbanks candidacy. Mr. Hanna was at one time favorably impressed with the suggestion of Senator Fairbanks being placed on the ticket nom-Fairbanks being placed on the ticket nominated at Philadelphia, and if the Indianan had encouraged the movement it is believed Mr. Hanna would have openly made a fight for him. But so thoroughly is Senator Pairbanks' mind saturated with the supersition that no Vice President in this day can reach the Presidency, except by the accident of death, that it is stated he asked Mr. Hanna not to urge his nomination at Philadelphia.

In the belief that the Republican organization will continue in the control of the Hanna-McKinley element, it is said that

Hanna-McKinley element, it is said that Senator Fairbanks will so conduct himself during the next four years, officially and socially, as to gain the support of both Mr. Hanna and the President, irrespective of all factional wrangles that may arise.
At this juncture it is almost certain that
the party organization will be opposed to
the Presidential ambitions of Roosevelt,
and as no other candidate is in sight, unless it be Mr. Hanna himself, some of the ost astute politicians declare that the airbanks programme is wise. Further-ore, the story goes that Perry S. Heath Iready is at work for Pairbanks. This could seem to indicate plainly that Mr. Hanna is not averse to Fairbanks develping all the strength he can through the istrumentalities of the party organiza-ion, for by appointment of Mr. Hanna Mr. leath was made Secretary of the Republican National Committee, and by request of Mr. Hanna Mr. Heath has been retained in this position permanently at a salary of \$5,000 a year. It goes without saying that if Mr. Hanna were displeased ing that if Mr. Hanna were displeased certain outstanding certificates with the Fairbanks movement he would Board of Auditors of the District

The disposition of Mr. Hoyt's property is already being discussed. Mr. Hoyt's nearest of kin are three cousins—Hale Barstow, of Lebanon, this State; Mrs. Levice Brusheld of the former wins the Presidential nomination—provided, of course, Heath supports arise and Senatow, of Lebanon, this State; Mrs. was at all intimate with Mr. Hoyt during sense of the term. for many years—indeed, his life, and it is considered likely that in his will he did not make lavish provision for them. In that event they would ites since he was a mere boy—still he has kept in sufficiently close touch with Hoosier politics of the man to push the will. It is believed Mr. Hanna to justify his claim to the right of contesting political honors with the Hoosiers who have stayed at home. In the last four years, it is pointed out, Mr. Heath has accumulated a fortune of ample proortions to support the dignity of a Senaportions to support the aighity of a Sena-torship, so that on that score the Hoosiers could not object to his candidacy any more than to his fitness for the toga once worn by Morton, McDonald, Voorhees, Hen-dricks—and Beveridge; for he it understood hat the latter will probably be in the 'past tense' after completing his pre-erm—certainly he will be unless he e-eeds in getting closer to the Hanna-

THE HART ASSAULT CASE

Trial to Begin at La Plata, Md., Next Monday. LA PLATA, Md., Nov. 22.-In the Circuit

Court for Charles county this morning, the plea for abatement, in the case against Sheriff Shee, of Prince George county, and others, for felonious assault upon Lucy Hart, was overruled. The court announced that the opinion and reasons for the decison would be given this afternoon.

The prisoners were arraigned and pleaded not guilty to the charge against them, and

Webb Hayes on Chaffee's Staff. The following general order was reeived at the War Department today from General Chaffee:

Headquarters China Relief Expedition. "Pekin, September 6. "General Orders, Nov. 15: "Mr. Webb C. Hayes (late lieutenenat colonel, United States Volunteers) having reported in person at these headquarters for duty, is hereby announced as a vol-

Major General Commanding the China Re "He will be obeyed and respected ac-By command of Major General Chaffee "GROTE HUTCHESON,
Captain Sixth U. S. Cavalry, Acting Ad-

nteer aide-de-camp on the staff of the

jutant General. Senator Davis No Better.

ST. PAUL, Nov. 22.-There was no im rovement in Senator Davis' condition to-His friends have practically abandon ed hope for his recovery.

Norfolk & Washington Steamboat Co. Delightful trips daily at 6:30 p. m. from fool seventh Street to Old Point Comfort, Newporters, Norfolk, and the South. For schedule, see

Keep your house warm-use our Best eather strip. One cent per foot, at 6th and N. Lowest bids, at the People's Lumber Yard. F.

STATUS OF LOCAL BILLS

PRICE ONE CENT

District Measures That Are Pending in Congress

Many Matters Affecting the Interests of the Citizens of Washington Remain Unacted on by the Committees of Reference-Those Which Have Passed the House or Senate.

A large number of District bills, left over from last session, are pending in Congress. Some have received affirmative action by the branch of Congress in which they were introduced; some that were simultaneously introduced in the House and Senate have been passed by either the House or the Senate; some have merely been reported back from committee, and by far the greatest number sleep in the committees to which they were referred directly after introluction. A vast majority of these have not even been considered by the committee of reference. Of course, nearly all the bills relating to the District of Columbia may be found in either the District Committee of the House or the Senate, but some, mainly relating to the proposed erection of statues or monuments and the purchase or selection of sites therefor, now rest with the Committee on Library of the two houses. Some are with the Committees on Appropriations

Following is a statement of the bills which remain with the committees to which they were referred immediately pon their introduction:

House bill 10552, introduced by Mr. Morgan of Ohio, to provide for restoring to national jurisdiction a part of that portion of the original District of Columbia which lies south of the Potomac River; for founding a city to be called the city of Lincoln, and for establishing an institution of tearning an institution of learning to be known as Washington and Lincoln Memorial Uni-

Washington and Lincoln Memorial University.

House bill 7222, by Mr. Clark of Missouri, to create a Territory of the District of Columbia, by the name of the Territory of Columbia, and to grant Territorial Government to the same.

House bill 7223, by Mr. Mesick, to regulate fares on the street cars in the city of Washington, and for other purpless. House bill 9056, by Mr. Levy, to protect the city of Washington against freshets.

House bill 9349, by Mr. Jenkins, to es-tablish a commission for the formation of uniform laws in the District of Co-

Senate resolution 89, by Mr. McMillan, providing for the purchase of historical nanuscripts relative to the District of Senate bill 34, by Mr. Gallinger, and Senate bill 2098, by Mr. McMillan, for the further prevention of cruelty to enimals in the

district of Columbia.
Senate bill 2791, by District of Columbia.

Senate bill 2791, by Mr. Proctor, and House bill 7949, by Mr. Grout, authorizing the Commissioners of the District of Columbia to permit the Bocheller Pneumatic Tube Company to construct a pneumatic tube between the Government Printing Coffice and the Capitol.

Senate bill 4719, by Mr. Disnet, and House bill 11892, by Mr. Swanson, granting to the Ballston Railroad Company certain powers and privileges within the District of Columbia.

lumbia.

House bill 11969, by Mr. Jankins, to egulate the practice of bartering in the District of Columbia.

Senate bill 2158, by Mr. McMillan, and House bill 11881, by Mr. Jenkins, to amend "an act for the protection of birds, preservation of game, and for the prevention of its sale during certain closed seasons."

Senate bill 2157, by Mr. McMillan, to amend an act for the protection of fish in the District of Columbia and for the maintenance of a permanent spawning ground tenance of a permanent spawning ground in the Potomac River in said District. Senate bill 851, by Mr. McMillan, and House bill 3086, by Mr. Jenkins, to redeem

House bill 12186, by Mr. Fitzgerald (Mass.), to place children in the care or control of the Board of Children's Guardians in private families

Senate bill 3556, by Mr. McMillan, to establish a board of plumbing in the District House bill 8696, by Mr. White, and Senate bill 3518, by Mr. Wellington, prohibiting bone or fertilizing factories to be operated in the District of Columbia.

House bill 8407, by Mr. Gardner, for the

relief of the owners of certain property in Brookland.

Senate bill 126, by Mr. McMillan, and House bill 7428, by Mr. Babcock, to provide for the compulsory support of children by parents in the District of Columbia. Senate bill 114, by Mr. McMillau, regu-lating the exemption of church and school property in the District of Columbia and

for other purposes... Senate bill 3425, by Mr. McMillan, and House bill 2798, by Mr. Mudd, to incorporate the Columbia Telephone Company.

House bill 11179, by Mr. Jenkins, to create a permanent commission for conde nation proceedings in the District of Co-

Senate bill 117, by Mr. McMillan, to es-tablish a municipal court for the District of Columbia and to abolish the offices of justices of the peace and constable.
Senate bill 2010, by Mr. McMillan, to amend section 11 of the act approved March 3, 1877, regulating the taxation of corporations in the District of Columbia. Senate bill 2808, by Mr. Elkins, and House bill 7666, by Mr. Jenkins, for an increase of the salaries of the justices of the couris of the District of Columbia.

Senate bill 3664, by Mr. McMillan, to regulate the transportation of prisoners, and to provide a separate court for abil

and to provide a separate court for chil-Senate bill 3957, by Mr. Pritchard, to establish a court of probate and divorce in the District of Columbia. Senate bill 4593, by Mr. Pritchard, relating tto the disposal of dead bodies in

House bill 5291, by Mr. Denny, to valilate deeds of married women in the Dis-Senate bill 3414, by Mr. Thurston, and House bill 3988, by Mr. Cummings, author-izing the Dewey Hotel Company to con-struct and maintain an electric conduit

n Stanton Alley. House bill 7330, by Mr. Richardson, to end the charter of the District of Co-Senate bill 4008, by Mr. Wellington, and House bill 8875, by Mr. Pearre, to incorporate the District Patrol and Alarm Company of the District of Columbia. Senate bill 2678, by Mr. McMillan, and House bill 7342, by Mr. Mudd, to incor-porate the East Washington and Benning

Railway Company of the District of Co-

Senate bill 3009, by Mr. Chandler; 3169,

by Mr. Hansbrough, and 4447, by McMillan, and House bill 8924, by Jenkins, to regulate electric wiring in the District of Columbia. House bill 7088, by Samuel W. Smith, to reduce the price of electricity in the Disrict of Columbia.

Senate bill 3219, by Mr. McMillan, and House bill 8629, by Mr. Babcock, for the protection of sub-surface pipes, cables, Carpenters' Lists studied closely and Libber & Co.